WEEKLY MUSEUM.

"WITH SWEETEST FLOWERS ENRICH'D, FROM VARIOUS GARDENS CULL'D WITH CARE."

VOL. XII—NO. 2. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1799. WHOLE NO. 574.

THE TWO CASTLES.

A ROMANCE.

[Continued from our laſt.]

——————It is as common for old age
To caſt beyond itſelf in its opinion,
As it is common for the younger ſort
To lack diſcretion. SHAKSPEARE.

"THIS Caſtle (ſaid Pierre) was the paternal eſtate of the Marquis Le Brun, and had been for many centuries back the family reſidence of his anceſtors. I had the honor to ſerve him in my youth, and have cauſe ever to remember with gratitude his goodneſs to me; for to him am I indebted for all the education I ever received. He was at one time high in favor with his ſovereign. The diſtinguiſhed marks of attention which he received from the late Louis, ſerved but to raiſe innumerable enemies among the courtiers. The moſt powerful of his competitors was the Baron La Marche, who, from having ſerved his country in ſome ſucceſsful campaigns, could ill brook a rival in his Monarch's eſteem.

"However the Baron might be entitled to preeminence as a warrior, his private character ill merited competition with the Marquis. Proud, arrogant, and unfeeling, he was deteſted by his vaſſals; while my maſter, by his benevolence and amiable manners, attracted the love of all who knew him. Diſguſted at length with the intrigues of the court, he abruptly retired from it, and dedicated the remnant of his days to the education of his only ſon Edgar, in whoſe dawning mind he implanted the ſeeds of thoſe virtues for which he himſelf had been ſo eminently diſtinguiſhed. The tranquillity he had promiſed himſelf, was, however, ſoon diſturbed; for the Baron, as if determined to purſue him with his hatred, retired to his caſtle, which had for many years remained unoccupied, (the fame which I before pointed out to you) where he endeavored, by innumerable malicious acts, to irritate the Marquis to open rupture: this not having the deſired effect, he had recourſe to other meaſures, which but too fatally ſucceeded. He pretended to be ſincerely ſorry for the manner in which he had behaved; and alledged that he had been entirely led into an error reſpecting the Marquis's character, by ſome envious reports which he then found were erroneous, and earneſtly ſolicited my maſter's friendſhip and forgiveneſs. The Marquis, open and generous, readily complied; and they renewed the connection which the late diſagreeable miſunderſtanding had interrupted.

"The family of the Baron La Marche conſiſted of one daughter and two ſons. Theodoſia was, at the time I now mention, about fifteen, and as lovely as ſhe was amiable. It was not probable that Edgar could behold ſo much beauty and excellence without emotion. On the other hand, Theodoſia took delight in his company, and a mutual affection ſeemed to gain ground daily. The Marquis beheld their youthful fondneſs with delight. Not ſo the Baron: his views were more ambitious. The Duke d'Arville had ſeen Theodoſia, and had become a captive to her charms; but, as ſhe was at that time too young to enter into any ſolemn engagement, he obtained the Baron's promiſe to beſtow her upon him when he returned from Savoy, whither he was repairing to take poſſeſſion of an eſtate lately fallen to him by the death of an uncle.

He was now hourly expected, and the young lovers dreaded the ſpeedy termination of all their happineſs. Edgar implored his father's interference, and obtained it. The Marquis was repulſed by the Baron with ſcorn, and withdrew, overcome with grief and indignation, to conſole his unhappy ſon.

"Meanwhile the arrival of the Duke was announced, and preparations were making at the Caſtle of La Marche for the celebration of the approaching nuptials. Edgar gave way to a moſt alarming deſpondency, which impaired his health: the phyſician who attended him preſcribed a warmer climate, and ordered him to paſs into Italy.

"One day he called me to him, with a degree of ſerioufneſs in his looks which terrified me. "Pierre, (ſaid he) will you be my friend? Alas! I have no other."

"His manner affected me. I aſſured him I would do any thing in my power to ſerve him. He then acquainted me that he had ſeveral private interviews with Theodoſia, whom he had at laſt prevailed upon to give him her hand, without the knowledge of either the Baron or the Marquis. I ſtarted.—He prevented me from ſpeaking, by ſaying:—"I ſee you diſapprove of my plan!"—then added, with ſpirit—"By confiding to you this ſecret, I put myſelf in your power, and now throw myſelf entirely upon your generoſity!"

"What could I ſay? Too fatally I agreed to aſſiſt him in whatever he ſhould propoſe. He looked grateful and delighted, and continued:

"Theodoſia has a friend in her confeſſor. He will aſſiſt us. To-morrow I will ſteal out, and meet her at a cottage belonging to one of my father's tenants, where the prieſt will unite us. We will then throw ourſelves at the Marquis's feet, and obtain his pardon and conſent to let Theodoſia accompany me to Italy."

"He pauſed. The ſcheme was ſo wild and dangerous, that I endeavored to diſſuade him from it. He reminded me reproachfully of my promiſe; and again I was enticed to renew it. We planned the hour moſt expedient for our ſcheme; and all ſeemed likely to ſucceed to our wiſh."

Here Edmund roſe; and, reminding his ſiſter that night was faſt approaching, requeſted Pierre to defer the remainder of his narrative till their return to the cottage; being apprehenſive that they would not otherwiſe have time to view the Caſtle. Margaretta reluctantly complied, and they proceeded to explore the deſolated apartments of that dreary building. Ella did not ſeem ſo much appalled at its gloomy horrors as did Margaretta. She had frequently accompanied Pierre when he ſhowed the Caſtle to travellers, whoſe curioſity induced them to viſit it.

The north wing of the Caſtle ſeemed faſt falling to decay; and the apartments were ſo damp and comfortleſs that it would be a work of time to make any of them habitable.

They afterwards paſſed on to a *ſuite* of apartments belonging to the eaſtern wing, which ſeemed more commodious: they had been fitted up in a more modern ſtyle. Pierre ſhowed them the apartments which had been occupied by the Baron, and wept as he paſſed a ſmall room, where, he ſaid he uſed to ſleep.

"Ah! (ſaid he) I am an old man now; but I ſtill remember the ſcenes of my youth; and the remembrance gives me a ſenſation I cannot deſcribe: thoſe alone who have experienced the loſs of what they once loved, can form an idea of it."

Edmund ſighed, and a long pauſe enſued.

From the windows they had a view of an extenſive country, even at that time of the year, adorned with a delightful verdure. Pleaſed with the beauty of the ſurrounding ſcenery, Margaretta forgot the innate gloomineſs of the manſion, and readily conſented to make the Caſtle their reſidence during their ſtay in France. Night, now rapidly approaching, ſuſpended any further inveſtigation; and they quitted the Caſtle with alacrity.

When they reached the cottage, they found Annette impatiently expecting them. She had prepared a comfortable repaſt, of which they partook with pleaſure. Pierre was then requeſted by Edmund to procure ſome workmen to repair the Caſtle, and render it habitable; and alſo to find out, among the peaſantry, ſome young folks whom he could ſend thither as ſervants. To this Margaretta added her petition that they would permit Ella to accompany her as a companion, for a ſhort time at leaſt. Pierre ſeemed much averſe to this arrangement at firſt; but, at length, overpowered by their tender ſolicitations, Annette heartily joining the petitioners, he gave an unwilling aſſent.

He then aſſured them that in a few days all ſhould be ready for their reception at the Caſtle, and afterwards proceeded to relate the ſequel of his tale.

"At night (continued he) Theodoſia made ſome pretence to retire early, and ſlipped from the Caſtle unperceived. She joined us at the cottage, attended by father Francis, where we waited with the moſt alarming apprehenſions. To relate minutely the various emotions which paſſed in every breaſt, would be too trying for your patience: let it ſuffice, the ſacred ceremony was performed, and Theodoſia fainted in the arms of her huſband. It was a conſiderable time before ſhe was ſufficiently recovered to return with us to the Caſtle. At length ſhe permitted herſelf to be led into the preſence of the Marquis; when, flinging herſelf at his feet, ſhe implored pardon and protection. A fatal preſentiment ſeemed to ruſh at once to his heart, and deprived him of ſenſe and motion. He dropped inſtadtaneouſly down in a fit of apoplexy, and was carried to bed; where he continued in a moſt alarming ſtate.

"During this time my young maſter entertained the moſt dreadful apprehenſions for the fate of Theodoſia, whom it was impoſſible for him to conduct to a place of ſafety during the alarming indiſpoſition of the Marquis. At length it was determined that I ſhould conduct Theodoſia to ſome place of ſecurity. We accordingly quitted the Caſtle, in the diſguiſe of peaſants. We paſſed the foreſt in ſafety; but, juſt as we were congratulating ourſelves upon our fortunate eſcape, we

were surrounded by a party of vaſſals belonging to the Baron, and headed by his eldeſt ſon. I fought firmly, determined to protect my lady to the laſt; until, overpowered by their number, I at length dropped ſenſeleſs from my horſe, and was left by the aſſaſſins, covered with wounds. Some benevolent peaſants took me to their hut, and uſed every means for my recovery. Their humanity preſerved my life; and in a ſhort time I was enabled to return to the Caſtle. Alas! my dear maſter had breathed his laſt! The dreadful tidings I had to communicate, added to the late melancholy event, threatened to overthrow the reaſon of the diſtracted Edgar. For ſome months he lingered on the bed of ſickneſs. Youth and a good conſtitution at length triumphed over his malady; and, at his firſt return to health, he declared it his intention to purſue his wife even to death. He kept his word, only to plunge himſelf in ſtill greater miſery."

The lateneſs of the hour now rendered it neceſſary for the party to break up. Margaretta, with difficulty, conquered the curioſity which was excited in her mind by Pierre's narrative; and, after extorting from him a promiſe to renew it at the earlieſt opportunity, took her candle and retired to her apartment,—her thoughts wholly occupied with the adventures of the unfortunate Theodoſia.

[To be continued.]

A DROLL CIRCUMSTANCE.

A PREACHER holding forth in the place called Las Maneanas, at Madrid, after informing his auditors of the ſufferings of Jeſus Chriſt, added, "And is it not ſtrange that we ſtill continue to ſin on, and live without repentance? O Lord God!" ſaid he, "why ſuffereſt thou ſuch ungrateful and wretched ſinners to live?" And inſtantly giving himſelf a violent box on the ear, the whole aſſembly followed his example, and four thouſand ſouffletts were given and received in the twinkling of an eye.

The French Ambaſſador being preſent, was upon that inſtant burſting into a laughter at the pious ceremony, had not he been checked by one of his friends, who aſſured him, that his rank and character would not have ſaved him had he been ſo indiſcreet, for the enraged populace would have cut him in a thouſand pieces: whereupon he bid his face in his handkerchief, and boxed his own ears more for the love of himſelf, than from gratitude to his Redeemer.

ANECDOTE OF DR. THOMAS,

LATE BISHOP OF ROCHESTER.

THE Rector of a Pariſh in the Biſhop's dioceſe being dead, and another Clergyman having the promiſe of the living, the curate waited on his Lordſhip to beg him to uſe his influence with the new incumbent, to have him continued in the curacy. Struck with the curate's appearance, he aſked him how long he had been in his dioceſe? and finding, upon further enquiry, he had been a curate in the Pariſh of------ 27 years, and that he had a wife and five children, deſired him to wait on him the following day. The curate was punctual; and as ſoon as he was ſeated, "You have," ſaid the Biſhop, "applied to me for the curacy; but from the good character I hear of you, you ſhall have the rectory itſelf." "Shall I by God?" ſaid the curate, (overcome with joy and wonder;) "Yes, by the living God you ſhall," ſaid the Biſhop; "And I am ſorry your worth has been ſo long unprovided for."

BON MOT OF A SPANIARD.

A SPANISH gentleman, who had but one eye, uſed frequently to attend a tennis-court, whenever any match of ſkill was played there. One day the ball was ſo violently ſtruck againſt the other eye, as in a moment to deprive him of the uſe of it. He bowed to the company; and, without apparent emotion, left the court, ſaying, "Buenas noches!" Good night, gentlemen.

ANECDOTE.

A Gentleman being preſſed by another to go and take the air with him, ſaid, he had made an oath, that he would never croſs a horſe till he had learned to ride.

FOR THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY MUSEUM.

TO THE SUN FLOWER.

WHERE is the man who thus can nobly ſay:
I hail bright Truth in her eternal ſource;
Purſued her flight thro' all the realms of day,
Nor ceaſe to follow her celeſtial courſe,
Till that Almighty Power, who rules the ſphere,
Spread wide the mental night, and check'd my bold career?
If on the earth that man ſublime there be,
That man, O lovely Flower! reſembles thee.

The breeze that wakens with the orient dawn,
Scatters from thy boſom ſhakes the quivering dew;
Scarce is the duſky veil of night withdrawn,
Ere thy fond eye expanding to the view,
With kindling rapture meets the golden gleam,
That now aſcends the ſky, now floats along the ſtream.

And when the burning blaze of ſummer noon,
Darts from the mid-way heaven's etherial height;
Thy daring eye, broad as the riſing moon,
With tranſport gazes on the King of light;
Tho' all around thee droop the languid head,
And all the energies of life are fled.

And oft as evening ſheds the dewy tear,
O'er the pale reliſts of departed day,
And in the blue expanſe of heaven, appear
The firſt faint gleams of many a ſtarry ray,
Doſt thou reſponſive to the zephyr's ſigh,
Mourn the paſt radience of the weſtern ſky.

Thus, thus, may Nature's more than magic charm,
Attract forever my admiring gaze;
Her power dictates all my boſom warm
And guide me far from Superſtition's maze.
Tho' loſt to you, vain world, may Achmed prove
True to the laſt faint gleam of reaſon, faith, and love.

W. B.

LINES ADDRESSED TO MY OWN HEART.

GO, ſtubborn heart, nor dare rejoice,
To think you have not fell a prey;
Nor made no one, as yet your choice;
For, ah! there may be yet a day
When you may loſe at once your pow'r
And no more at reſt may be;
You'll be flattering every hour,
And boaſt no more of being free.

A MOTHER's SOLILOQUY OVER HER DYING INFANT.

TENDER ſoftneſs! infant mild!
Perfect, ſweeteſt, brighteſt child!
Tranſient luſtre! beauteous clay!
Smiling wonder of a day!
Ere the laſt convulſive ſtart
Rend thy unreſiſting heart;
Ere the long-enduring noon
Weighs thy precious eye-lids down;
Ah! regard a mother's moan,----
Anguiſh deeper than thy own!

Faireſt eyes, whoſe dawning light
Late with rapture bleſt my ſight,
Ere your orbs extinguiſh'd be,
Bend their trembling beams on me!

Drooping ſweetneſs! verdant flow'r!
Blooming, with'ring in an hour!
Ere thy gentle breaſt ſuſtains
Lateſt, fierceſt, mortal pains,
Hear a ſuppliant; let it be
Partner in thy deſtiny!

SONNET TO E****

YE lips, my theme, of endleſs praiſe,
Soft as the velvet that arrays
Her ſlender waiſt---adieu!
Heav'n's fineſt work, and pureſt mould,
Like op'ning roſes to behold,
And hung with ſweeter dew.

Oh! could I taſte the nectar there,
And after live, 'twould heal the care
Her darting eyes have giv'n;
As Perſians, on the barren plain,
Scorch'd by their ſun, ador'd in vain,
Are cheer'd by ſhowers from heav'n.

HUMOROUS INSTANCE OF STRONG SUPERSTITIOUS CREDULITY.

A REAL AND AUTHETICATED FACT.

A Widow lady, at Paris, aged about 65, who lodged in a two pair of ſtairs floor, in the Rue de la Ferronerie, with only a maid ſervant, was accuſtomed to ſpend ſeveral hours every day before the altar dedicated to St. Paul in a neighbouring church. Some villains obſerving her extreme bigotry, reſolved, as ſhe was known to be very rich, to ſhare her wealth. One of them, accordingly, took the opportunity to conceal himſelf behind the carved work of the altar; and, when no perſon but the old lady was there, in the duſk of the evening, he contrived to throw a letter juſt before her. She took it up; and, not perceiving any one near, ſuppoſed it came by a miracle. In this ſhe was the more confirmed, when ſhe ſaw it ſigned, Paul the Apoſtle; expreſſing the ſatisfaction he received by her prayers addreſſed to him, when ſo many newly canonized ſaints engroſſed the devotion of the world, and robbed the primitive ſaints of their wonted adoration: and, to ſhew his regard for the devotee, he promiſed to come from heaven with the Angel Gabriel, and ſup with her at eight in the evening. It ſeems ſcarcely credible that any one could be deceived by ſo groſs a fraud; yet to what length of credulity will not ſuperſtition carry a weak mind? The infatuated lady believed the whole; and roſe from her knees in tranſport, to prepare an entertainment for her heavenly gueſts.

The ſupper being beſpoke, and the ſide-board ſet out to the beſt advantage, ſhe thought that her own plate, worth about 400l. did not make ſo elegant an appearance as might be wiſhed; and therefore ſent to her brother, a Counſellor in the Parliament of Paris, to borrow all his plate. The maid, however, was charged not to diſcloſe the occaſion; but only to ſay that ſhe had company to ſupper, and would be obliged to him if he would lend her his plate for that evening. The Counſellor, ſurprized at the application, well knowing his ſiſter's frugal life, began to ſuſpect that ſhe was enamored of ſome fortune-hunter, who might marry her, and thus deprive his family of what he expected at his ſiſter's death. He therefore, poſitively refuſed to ſend the plate, unleſs the maid would tell him what gueſts were expected. The girl, alarmed for her miſtreſs's honor, declared that her pious lady had no thoughts of a huſband; but St. Paul having ſent her a letter from heaven, promiſing that he and the Angel Gabriel would ſup with her, ſhe wanted to make the entertainment as elegant as poſſible.

The Counſellor immediately ſuſpected that ſome villains had impoſed on her; and ſending the maid with the plate, proceeded directly to the Commiſſary of that quarter. On the magiſtrate's going with him to a houſe adjoining, they ſaw, juſt before eight o'clock, a tall man, dreſſed in long veſtments, with a white beard, and a young man in white, with large wings at his ſhoulders, alight from a hackney-coach, and go up to his ſiſter's apartments.

The Commiſſary immediately ordered twelve of the police guards to poſt themſelves on the ſtairs, while he knocked at the door, and deſired admittance. The old lady replied, that ſhe had company and could not ſpeak to any one. But the Commiſſary anſwered, that he muſt come in, for that he was St. Peter, and had come to aſk St. Paul and the Angel Gabriel how they came out of heaven without his knowledge. The divine viſitors were aſtoniſhed at this, not expecting any more ſaints to join them; but the lady, overjoyed at having ſo great an Apoſtle with her, ran eagerly to the door, when the Commiſſary, her brother, and the police guards, ruſhed in, preſented their muſkets, ſeized her gueſts, and carried them to priſon.

On ſearching the criminals, two cords, a razor, and a piſtol, were found in St. Paul's pocket, and a gag in that of the Angel Gabriel. Three days after, the trial came on; when they pleaded, in their own defence, that one was a ſoldier in the French infantry, and the other a barber's apprentice; that they had no other deſign than to procure a good ſupper at the widow's expence; that, it being carnival time, they had borrowed theſe dreſſes, and the ſoldier having picked up the two cords, put them into his pocket; that the razor was that with which he conſtantly ſhaved himſelf; that the piſtol was to defend them from any inſults to which their ſtrange habits might expoſe them in going home; and that the barber's apprentice, whoſe maſter was a tooth-drawer, merely had the gag which they ſometimes uſed in their buſineſs. Theſe excuſes, frivolous as they were, proved of ſome avail; and as they had manifeſted no evil deſign by any OVERT ACT, they were both acquitted.

But the Counſellor, who foreſaw what might happen through the defect of evidence, had provided another ſtrok-

for them. No sooner, therefore, were they discharged from the civil power, that the apparitor of the Archbishop of Paris immediately seized them, and conveyed them to the Ecclesiastical prison. In three days more, they were tried and convicted of a scandalous prophanation, by assuming to themselves the names, characters, and appearances, of a holy Apostle, and a blessed Angel, with intent to deceive a pious and well-meaning woman, and to the scandal of religion. They were accordingly condemned to be publicly whipped, burnt on the shoulder with a hot iron, and sent to the gallies for fourteen years. A sentence which was in a few days faithfully put into execution.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1799.

FIVE new cases and ONE death, of the prevailing Fever in this city, have been reported at the Health Office for 24 hours, ending at 9 o'clock last evening

From J. Russel's Boston Commercial Gazette.

From the latest European papers, the arrival of four Tartars at Constantinople, from Asia, is announced as late as June 3d. They declare the defeat of Buonaparte, by the Pacha of Damascus. This report seems further confirmed by the official account from Petersburg, (Russia) June 11th, Cheza Pacha states to the Porte, the severe repulses of the French, and their loss of 6000 men, in a victory he gained over them at the city of Acre. This report is said to be perfectly confirmed by Sir Sidney Smith.

The Arch Duke Charles was very cordially received at Zurich. The Burgomaster Kelchesperger, an officer of the municipality, waited on the Prince, and recommended to him the protection of the city, in fullest confidence of his humanity. The German official accounts state,--- "When the venerable old Kilchesperger presented the city keys to the young hero, he refused accepting them, saying, the keys of your city are in very good hands. This mode of conduct cannot fail to conciliate the affection of the Swiss

BALTIMORE, August 24.

Ship Venus, Dashiel, belonging to Stewart and Sons, of this port,---came in under French colors, as a cartel, with 86 prisoners, American, Portuguese, and English.

Sailed from Gibralter on the 12th of June, for Batavia, on the 13th July, put into St. Jago, one of the Cape De Verds, where lay the ship John, of Salem, Capt. Pullam, and an English, and Portuguese ship; in about 24 hours afterwards 3 French frigates from Rochefort, under English colors, entered the harbor, and immediately after dark, they manned their boats, to the number of 8 for each vessel, cut their cables, and carried them 20 leagues to sea, where they robbed them of every moveable, taking 46,000 dollars from the John, which ship they burned, run the Portugese on shore, after taking her men out, keeping the Englishmen with them; and robbing the Venus of 35,000 dollars, all in solid cash; after which, put all the crews on board the Venus, and gave capt D a passport for Baltimore, ordering him to proceed directly thither, and there deliver the 86 men to the French Consul, to be exchanged as prisoners of war, taken by the frigates Concord, Commodore Randolph, La Francaise, and La Medee, belonging to the French republic. The Frenchmen threw the guns of the Venus overboard, took on board the frigate the arm chest, all the arms, ammunition, cabin furniture, &c. and with much sang froid presenting capt. D. with two doubloons to drink to the health of the great nation, suffered him to depart.

August 25.

Yesterday about one o'clock, was found on the land of Harry D. Gough, Esq. about 12 miles from the city of Baltimore, near the Beltair road, the body of a Frenchman, who had been murdered and apparently robbed.---His dress consists of half boots, blue striped pantaloons, a waistcoat, close bodied coat and a great coat of brownish coloured coarse cloth, such as are purchased from the clothing shops, his looks and appearance are those of a gentleman. He was about thirty years of age, a stout well made man, and of a dark complexion.---His throat was cut, and a clasp knife was found lying by the side of him---no papers could be found about him which might lead to a discovery of his person. On Wednesday night or Thursday morning last, a stray horse saddled and bridled, came to the farm of the above gentleman; the horse is near fifteen hands high, of a brown colour, three white feet, and a blaze in his face, the stirrips and bridle-bit are both plated. It is supposed that the horse belonged to the person mentioned to be murdered, and he made his escape at the time the act was committed on his rider. The body appears to have been many days dead. The horse is still at Perry Hall, ready to be delivered to the rightful owner.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Curracoa, to his friend in Baltimore, dated the 2d instant.

"All the white inhabitants are leaving Jacmel as fast as possible, in consequence of the disturbances of that place and vicinity, many of them have already arrived here, among whom is Mr.------, an old resident of that town. It is said that the two contending parties of Toussaint and Rigaud, are fighting every day in sight of Jacmel, which place has declared in favor of Rigaud, and that most of the neighboring plantations are consumed by fire."

A BOLD ACTION.

NEW-BEDFORD, August 16.

Jethro Mosher came passenger in the schooner Swan, from St. Thomas's, says he was mate of a ship out of Boston, which was taken by a French letter of marque, and sent into Gaudaloupe; that he with 5 of the crew was taken on board the French vessel, which ran under the fort and anchored; that while the Captain of the French vessel was on shore, Mosher proposed to join and rise on the crew, 16 in number; that two of the five agreed; that Mosher and these two armed themselves with handspikes, and drove ten of the Frenchmen overboard, killed and disabled the rest; that they then cut her cables and got under way, the fort firing on them the whole time; and that they carried her into Antigua, where she sold for two thousand three hundred pounds.

HAMBURGH SUMMARIES.

Lower Elbe, June 22.

General Melas, under the 3d of June, advices no material occurrence in the army at and around Turin. Field-marshal Frolich pushed on beyond Pignerol, Bancstiere and Carignano, occupied Fossano, with a division, took post near Savigniano, and his patroles invested already the invirons of Cunio, a strong city on the conflux of Shira and Gesso.

General Vukassovich's advanced guard had entered Carmagnola, Alba and Cheracco; in the latter he found several metal and heavy iron guns, with various ammunition.

The siege of the strong citadel of Turin, is continued most vigorously with the guns of the city.

Gen. Lusignan was sent against the French division in Fenestrelle, on the river Chuson; and general Alcani has began to bombard the citadel of Tortona. The fortification of Ceva, taken by the armed peasants, almost surrounded with French troops, was victualled thirty days, when the French collecting their force closer, began to bombard it, and re-occupied Mondovi; but the advanced guard of Vukassovich forced them to quit both places a second time.

The Archduke's troops marched in haste through Zurich, to pursue the French, and leave them no time to take post again. Hence the whole eastern parts of Switzerland are evacuated.

Private letters from Vienna state, that cardinal Ruffo had re-entered Naples, and was pursuing Macdonald very closely; others say he was approaching Rome.

From Venice, on the 6th of June they write, that the Imperialists had entered Cesenna, on the river Savio, and Rimini, on the river Marecchia, where they took 5 cannon, 60 prisoners, and the French consul of Sinegaglia.

June 29.

By the Vienna Court Gazette extraordinary, of the 16th June, the junction of generals Moreau and Macdonald's armies is officially announced. From the above official as well as private accounts, it appears that general Macdonald's march was effected through the mountain-defiles in upper Italy, and along the sea-coast, which enabled him to join general Moreau on his retreat to the valley on the river Tenato, and Savona, on the Genoese coast. Here they expected also to be joined by generals Montrichard and Gauthier from Tuscany and Bologna.

To oppose the combined forces of the French, without hindrance to the close siege of citadels of Turin, Tortona and Alessandria, the corps under F. M. Lt. general Bellegarde and Ott; the divisions of generals Frolich and Hohenzollern, the brigades of generals Seckendorff and Alcainni, have all been united into a strong army of observation ready to act every instant in support of the grand army of F. M. Suwarrow.---Hence the news of a general and bloody engagement may soon be expected; and which, no doubt, will decide the fate of the French in Italy.

MARRIED

On Tuesday evening, the 20th inst. at New-Rochell, Westchester county, WILLIAM THOMPSON, to Miss FANNY UNDERHILL, daughter of Mr. John Underhill, of that place.

On Wednesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. M'Glasky, Mr. JOSEPH RILEY, to Miss LYDIA BAKER, both of this city.

DIED,

On Friday the 23d inst. Mr. JAMES CHEVALIER, late Editor of the Mercantile Advertiser, after a violent illness of a few days.

The death of this gentleman is a loss to both public and private society. His conduct in every domestic and social relation will not soon be forgotten by those who personally witnessed it.

By this misfortune, society has lost a most active and useful member; his friends, a worthy man; and his nearer connections have suffered more than the pen of sympathy dares attempt to express.

To Printers.

FOR SALE,

ONE moiety of a PRINTING OFFICE, in a pleasant, and very healthy country town, about 60 miles from New-York, consisting of one Press and a suitable quantity of Types to carry on the Printing business in the country. Rising a thousand Newspapers are disposed of weekly to town customers, or sold to carriers who are men of property, and a good share of advertising custom. A mail passes regularly through the town, which renders communication from all parts of the union very easy.----For further particulars enquire of J. Harrisson, no 3 Peck-slip.

August 31, '99 74----4t

GEORGE G. BUFFET,

No. 76 PEARL-STREET, NEW-YORK,

OFFERS the Ladies, Gentlemen, and Public at large, the following articles for sale very low for cash.

HAIR POWDER.
Best scented Marechalle,
do. Violet,
do. Bergamot,
do. Plain,

BROWN POWDERS.
Marechalle,
Dutchese,
Bergamot,
Orris do.
Violet do.

POMATUMS
Marechalle,
Duchese,
Vanille,
Elliothrope,
Millefleurs,
Bergamot,
Citron,
Lavender,
Bears Grease.

SCENTS.
Musk,
Bergamot,
Citron,
Lavender,
Thime,
Rolemary.

SCENTED WATERS.
Cologne,
Hungary,
Lavender,
Honey water,
Millefleurs,
Carmy,
Bergamot,
Arquebusade, for swellings, bruises, contusions, cuts, scars, &c.

Orange flower,
Rose,
Noijau,
Red Lavendes,

Variety of Cordials,
Spirits of Cochlearie,
Ess. Antiscorbutic, for the gums.
Syrup Pectoral, for cold, cough, and consumption.
The genuine Balsam of Life, which will expel all pains of the head and Stomach.
Pectoral Lozenges,
Peppermint do.

SHAVING SOAPS.
Best Naples,
Shaving Powder,
Ess. of Soap,
Windsor,
Italian squares.

Plate Powder
Almond Paste
Specific Tincture for the head-ach,
Superfine Pearl Powder,
Superfine Rouge,
Lip Salve,
Silk Puffs,
Swandown Puffs,
Combs of all kinds,
Comb Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Tooth Powder,
Opiat do.
Writing paper,
Wax, Wafers,
Ink-powder, Quills,
Blacking balls,
Tupee Iron,
Shaving boxes and brushes
A variety of other articles.

COURT of APOLLO.

JANE OF DOVER.

NATURE to Fortune's partial wish
The matchleſs charms could ne'er diſcover
That wanton'd o'er the faultleſs face
And graceful form of JANE OF DOVER.

Her eye expreſs'd the ſoul of love,
Blue, downcaſt, gay---with peace and youth:
She lov'd her GEORGE, a ſtout young ſailor,
And lov'd him too with faith and truth.

For twelve long months ſhe had not heſd
Her lover to her conſtant breaſt;
And oft in tears of tender fear
For him ſhe loſt the hour of reſt.

The veſſel came--her changing cheek
Love, Hope, and Tranſport crimſon'd over!---
She reach'd the ſhore, and aſk'd the crew
For GEORGE, her dear lov'd GEORGE, OF DOVER.

Compaſſion fill'd each pitying eye:
The rough hard ſailors, fault'ring ſaid,
"We ſaw, ſweet JANE, thy falſe love wedded
"To a young ſplendid Indian maid."

Speechleſs ſhe pin'd awhile--------her eyes
The miſts of death came ſlowly over:
Heav'n ſtruck by war his hopes, who broke
The tender heart of JANE OF DOVER.

SENTIMENT OF ARISTOTLE.

WHEN Ariſtotle once was aſked, what a man could gain by uttering falſhoods? he replied, "Not to be credited when he tells the truth."

SALE BY MORTGAGE.

WHEREAS James M'Claughty, by an aſſignment or inſtrument of writing, bearing date the 11th day of May one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety eight, did aſſign, tranſfer, and let over unto Henry Felthouſen, a certain indenture of leaſe, and all and ſingular the premiſes therein contained; which leaſe contains all that certain lot of ground, ſituate, lying and being in the ſeventh ward of the city of New-York, and known and diſtinguiſhed in a certain map or chart thereof made among other lots, by Caſimer Th. Goerck, by Lot number 495. Bounded weſterly in front by Second-ſtreet, eaſterly in the rear by lot number 2, northerly by lot no. 496, and ſoutherly by lot no. 494---Containing in breadth in front and rear each 25 feet, and in length on each ſide 75. To have and to hold the ſame from firſt day of May 1796, for 20 years, under certain covenants, rents and conditions in the leaſe annexed to the ſaid mortgage mentioned and contained: Provided nevertheleſs that if the ſaid James ſhould pay to the ſaid Henry fifty dollars on the firſt day of November laſt, purſuant to a certain ſealed bill, bearing even date with the ſaid aſſignment, then the ſaid aſſignment was declared to be void; but if default ſhould happen to be made in the ſaid payment, then the ſaid Henry was declared to have full power to ſell and diſpoſe of the ſaid leaſe and premiſes at auction. And whereas default hath been made in the payment of the ſaid money. Now therefore notice is hereby given that the ſaid indenture of leaſe and premiſes, and all right and title of the ſaid James thereto will be ſold at public auction on the premiſes, on the tenth day of September next, at twelve o'clock at noon of the ſame day, for the purpoſe of ſatisfying the principal and intereſt due on the ſaid bill. Dated this 7th day of March 1799.

49---6m. HENRY FELTHOUSEN.

An Apprentice.

Wanted immediately at the office of the WEEKLY MUSEUM, no. 3 Peck-Slip, an Apprentice to the PRINTING BUSINESS---an active Lad, between 14 and 16 years of age, of reputable connections, and who has received a good education. 68 tf

NOTICE.

Whereas Edward Livingſton of the city of New-York, counſellor at law, being indebted to Jotham Poſt, junior, of the ſaid city, in the ſum of five thouſand one hundred and twenty-five dollars, did with Mary, his wife, by indenture duly executed by them, bearing date the eleventh day of January, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-nine, mortgage to the ſaid Jotham Poſt, junior, for ſecuring the payment of the ſaid ſum of five thouſand one hundred and twenty-five dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, with lawful intereſt for the ſame, on or before the eleventh day of July in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-nine, according to the tenor and true intent and meaning of the condition of a certain writing obligatory, bearing even date therewith, and duly made and executed by the ſaid Edward Livingſton to the ſaid Jotham Poſt, junior; all that certain dwelling houſe and lot or toft of ground, ſituate lying and being on the north ſide of Pearl-ſtreet, in the ſaid city of New-York; the ſaid lot or toft of ground being in breadth in front forty feet, and in rear thirty four feet, and in depth front to rear one hundred and thirty two feet, be the ſame ſeveral meaſurements more or leſs; bounded ſouthwardly by Pearl-ſtreet aforeſaid, weſtwardly by a lot late of Joſeph Griſwold, now of the ſaid Edward Livingſton, northwardly by the Governor's Garden, and eaſtwardly by a lot now or late of Mary Engliſh. And whereas default hath been made in the performance of the condition and proviſo of the ſaid writing obligatory and mortgage, therefore NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that in and by virtue of a power contained in the ſaid mortgage, and purſuant to the ſtatute in ſuch caſe made and provided, the above mentioned and deſcribed premiſes will be ſold at public auction at the Tontine Coffee-Houſe in the ſaid city of New-York, on the ſixth day of February next, at twelve o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Dated this third day of Auguſt, 1799. [70 6m] JOTHAM POST, jun.

ALL PERSONS

HAVING demands againſt the Eſtate of Wright Froſt, an inſolvent debtor, are requeſted to preſent their accounts to the ſubſcribers, on Monday the 2d of September next, at the houſe of John Doughty in Rye, or at the houſe of Penn Froſt in Latting Town, on Long Iſland, on Saturday the 7th of ſaid inſtant, when and where we ſhall attend to receive them. Alſo, all perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment. 71 4w ℔

PENN FROST)
Auguſt 1, 1799. JOHN DOUGHTY,) Aſſignees.

WE, the ſubſcribers, appointed Aſſignees to the eſtate of WRIGHT FROST, an inſolvent debtor, ſhall attend at the houſe of John Doughty, in the town of Rye, county of Weſtcheſter, on Monday and Tueſday, the 9th and 10th days of December next, in order to make deſtribution of ſaid eſtate among the inſolvent's creditors. All perſons concerned are requeſted to take notice. 71 3m ℔

PENN FROST,)
Auguſt 1, 1799. JOHN DOUGHTY,) Aſſignees.

For Preventing and Curing the Yellow Fever.

Dr. ANGELIS, from Italy,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public and his friends, he has for Sale, prepared by himſelf, FOUR HERBS PILLS.---Their peculiar virtues being a certain and infallible cure of the Malignant or Putrid Fever, and which are as univerſally known and approved, by the moſt eminent phyſicians and others of all ranks in Italy, where ſometimes the ſame Malignant Fever prevails; but not ſo dangerous, on account of the people taking theſe pills for preventing it immediately---They feel a pain in the head or ſtomach, or ſhortneſs of reſpiration.

Dr ANGELIS, from long experience in febrile diſorders, is convinced that they generally originate from an affection in the blood, which he can prevent by the uſe of his PILLS He has, in former adverriſements, particularized the various diſorders which his medicines cure.

☞ Dr ANGELIS feels it his duty to aſſure the public, that the Infection originates in this country, and that it will exiſt in this city by the laſt of July next. He does no make this aſſertion to alarm the people; for he is certain that it is in his power to remove this dreadful calamity, by ſtopping the infection with trifling expence. Apply at not 39 Barclay-ſtreet. June 15. 63---

TO BE LET,

A Hadſome ready furniſhed FRONT ROOM, in a pleaſant and airy ſituation, No 6 Bowery Lane.

WHEREAS William Bedlow of the city o New-York, in the ſtate of New-York, gentleman, and Catharine his wife, in order to ſecure the payment of four hundred and ſixty pounds, with lawful intereſt, unto Samuel Akerly, of the ſaid city, Ship Wright, on or before the ſixteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-eight, according to the condition of one certain Bond or Obligation, bearing date with the Indenture of Mortgage hereafter mentioned. And alſo, for and in conſideration of the ſum of five ſhillings to them in hand paid, by the ſaid Samuel Akerly, did by Indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 16th day of November, in the year of our Lord 1797, grant, bargain, alien, releaſe, enfeoff, convey and confirm unto the ſaid Samuel Akerly, and to his heirs and aſſigns for ever, all thoſe three certain lots of ground, ſituate lying and being in the ſeventh ward of the city of New-York, being part of the farm late belonging to Hendrick Rutgers, deceaſed, and known and diſtinguiſhed in a certain map or chart thereof made, by lots number two hundred and twenty nine, two hundred and thirty, and two hundred and thirty one: Bounded ſoutherly in front by Henry-ſtreet, northerly in the rear by lots number ninety eight, ninety nine, and one one hundred, belonging to the ſaid parties of the firſt part; eaſterly by lot number two hundred and thirty two, alſo belonging to the ſaid parties of the firſt part; and weſterly by lots number two hundred and twenty five, two hundred and twenty ſix, two hundred and twenty ſeven, & two hundred & twenty eight, belonging to the ſaid parties of the firſt part. Each of the ſaid hereby granted lots of ground containing in breadth in front and rear each twenty five feet, and in length on each ſide one hundred and eight feet. And whereas the ſaid indenture of mortgage contains a power in the words following, to wit: "And if default ſhall happen to be made in the payment of the ſaid ſum of four hundred and ſixty pounds, with intereſt as aforeſaid, or any part thereof, on the day of payment above limited, that then and at all times thereafter, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Samuel Akerly, his executors, adminiſtrators or aſſigns, and they are hereby fully authoriſed and impowered to ſell and diſpoſe of the ſaid hereby granted three lots of ground and premiſes above-mentioned, with the appurtenances, at public auction, to the higheſt bidder, purſuant to the ſtatute in ſuch caſe made and provided, and in due form of law to ſign, ſeal, execute and deliver good and ſufficient deeds of conveyance for the ſame premiſes to the purchaſer or purchaſers thereof, his, her, or their heirs and aſſigns for ever. And out of the monies ariſing by or from the ſale thereof, to retain and keep the ſaid ſum of four hundred and ſixty pounds, and the intereſt thereof, or ſo much thereof as may be then due and unpaid, together with all coſts, charges and expences occaſioned by ſuch default, rendering the overplus money (if any there be) unto the ſaid William Bedlow, his executors, adminiſtrators, or aſſigns. Which ſale ſo to be made by virtue of theſe preſents, is hereby ratified and confirmed, and ſhall, and is hereby declared to be, at all times forever thereafter a firm and ſufficient bar and preclu-ſion to the equity of redemption of the ſaid hereby granted premiſes, and to any claim or pretention that may be made thereto by them or either of them, the ſaid parties of the firſt part, their heirs or aſſigns, or any other perſon or perſons whomſoever, lawfully claiming or to claim by, from, or under them, or any of them And whereas default hath been made in the payment of the ſaid four hundred and ſixty pounds, and the intereſt thereof, according to the condition of the ſaid bond or obligation, which yet remains due and unpaid. Therefore notice is hereby given to all to whom it may concern, that purſuant to the power contained in the ſaid indenture of mortgage and according to the directions of the act in ſuch caſe made and provided, the ſaid mortgaged premiſes will be ſold at public auction at the Tontine Coffee-houſe, in the city of New-York, on the twentieth day of February next enſuing the date hereof, for the purpoſe of ſatisfying the principle and intereſt due, and to become due on the ſaid bond or obligation. Dated New-York, 15th Auguſt, 1799

PRESCILLA AKERLY, Executrix)
JACAMIAH AKERRY,) of the laſt Will
THOMAS DRAKE, &) and Teſtament of
ARCHIBALD KERLY, Executors) Samuel Akerly, deceaſed.

72---6m

WANTED, in a ſmall family, a girl of about 10 or 12 years old. Enquire at no. 219 Water-ſtreet. July 27 tf

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JOHN HARRISSON,
No. 3 Peck-Slip.